

(*Solanum tuberosum* L.)

-1 :

()

*

50 40 30 20 10 5 0)

60

30

(LD-100)

(60
(LD-100 LD-50)

LD-50

40 30 20 10 5 0)

(

Marfona

30

7.26

Desiree

40

:

(1999)

.1

(*Solanum tuberosum* L.)

.(1987 Van der Want De- Bokx)

.(2001 Das)

.2006/5/9

2005/5/3

*

/

2006 ©

-283-

100 (1962 Skoog Murashinge)
/ 0.4 /
/ 2 / 2
/ 30 / 1
5.7 (pH) (Van
/ 8 (Agar) .Harten, 1978; Ahloowalia, 1990)
°25-23 .
/ 16 1000
1988 Brown) 6
(1994 1994
:
- .(1991 Ashraf Hassan; 1986, Sonnino)
.(1977 FAO/ IAEA)
20 10 5 0) (60)
(60 50 40 30
.
25
() .2
.
6 .(2002- 2001)
(Famosn, Marfona, Desiree, Diamant)
Lethal :
LD- 100 LD- 50 100% 50% dose (LD) : -
.
(1994)
(Enzyme – Linked Immuno Sorbent ELISA
:
- Assay)
.
() 20)
(40, 30, 20, 10, 5) (MS

3.

6

60, 50, 40, 30, 20, 10, 5, 0)

(

6

(1).

.0.05

(. . .)

:(1)

Marfona		Famosa		Desiree		Diamant		()	
%		%		%		%			
0	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	25	0
4	24	4	24	12	22	16	21	25	5
8	24	12	22	16	21	20	20	25	10
40	15	40	15	28	18	40	15	25	20
44	14	48	13	44	14	48	13	25	30
60	10	60	10	68	8	60	10	25	40
80	5	76	6	76	6	84	4	25	50
100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	25	60
42	14.5	42.5	14.38	43	14.25	44.75	13.5		

.P=0.01

347.1 = (DF=21) (χ^2)

()

:(2)

					()
	Marfona	Famosa	Desiree	Diamant	
7.89	8.21	9.04	8.18	6.15	0
7.15	7.91	8.10	6.50	6.10	5
6.73	7.68	7.55	5.78	5.90	10
6.36	7.18	6.96	5.43	0.87	20
5.85	6.93	6.50	4.78	5.20	30
4.42	5.70	5.10	3.45	3.44	40
	7.26	7.21	5.68	5.44	
0.82 =	×	0.37 =	0.3 =	0.05 . . .	

()...

Famosa
9.04
Diamant
3.44 40
:
(3)
(1990)

Diamant
%42
Marfona
%44.75
)

30
:
/
2.35
, 40, 20, 5
:
1.71 40
/
:
Desiree
/
2.96
(2)

Desiree
/
3.60
7.89
4.42 40

1.40 40 Famosa (Marfona)
/
(7.21 7.26) Famosa

:(3)

	Marfona	Famosa	Desiree	Diamant	()
2.30	1.65	1.85	3.60	2.10	0
2.11	1.70	1.85	3.10	1.80	5
2.19	2.10	1.90	2.95	1.80	10
2.14	1.85	2.00	2.85	1.85	20
2.35	2.25	2.30	2.95	1.90	30
1.71	1.50	1.40	2.30	1.65	40
	1.84	1.88	2.96	1.85	
0.40 =	×	0.20 =	0.17 =	0.05. . .	

(4):

	Marfona	Famosa	Desiree	Diamant	()
10.84	9.50	9.85	14.10	9.90	0
9.73	9.90	10.95	10.30	7.75	5
9.40	10.50	12.20	7.55	7.35	10
9.54	10.00	12.85	8.15	7.15	20
9.30	10.45	13.35	7.10	6.30	30
7.05	7.00	10.85	5.75	4.60	40
	9.56	11.68	8.83	7.18	
1.27 =	×	0.64 =	0.52 =	0.05 . . .	

(1973 Loman Block)

:

(4)

(1987)

Filev

/ 7.05

40

Pelargonium

Famosa

/ 11.68

/ 7.18

Diamant

/ 14.10

Desiree

Diamant

40

/ 4.60

Desiree

Van Harten 1975

El-Keredy)

(2002

2001

1998

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- 1990
- 2002
- 1999
- 1994
- Solanum tuberosum* L.
- Musa*
- 2001
- spp.
- 1994
- 25-13 1 4
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Effect of Gamma Radiation on Growth of Four Potato (*Solanum Tuberosum* L.) Varieties Propagated *In Vitro*:

1. Effect on Plant Height and Number of Branches and Leaves (Research Note)

Ali A. Al- Salihi*, Abdel-Jassim M. Al- Jibouri, Sadek K. Al- Bayati and Mitib J. Awad

ABSTRACT

The radio sensitivity of potato varieties was determined *in vitro* following doses of gamma radiation (0, 5, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 Gray).

After six weeks, the percentage of partial or complete killing of propagated plants was calculated. The results showed that the dose 60 Gray caused complete death for all propagated plants and was considered as the Lethal Dose (LD- 100), while the dose 30 Gray caused death up to 50% of the propagated plants and was considered as the LD- 50, and the most suitable dose causing genetic variation. Vegetative parts of irradiated plants with doses of (0, 5, 10, 20, 30, 40, Gray) were cultured on the same propagation medium to study the effect of gamma radiation on their total growth.

Six weeks later, the following parameters were investigated: average of plant height, average number of branches and average number of leaves of vegetative parts of each plant. Results showed that the response of potato plants was affected by the variety and dose of exposure which revealed significant reduction in the average of most studied characteristics as the dose of gamma radiation increased. Average plants height of Marfona variety was significantly higher than the other varieties (7.26 cm). The dose 30 Gray caused an increase in the average number of plant branches. Results also showed a reduction in the average number of leaves at dose 40 Gray for all varieties.

KEYWORDS: Potato, gamma radiation, tissue culture.

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