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%71	23	32	2			1
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%73	80	110		7
%74	81	110		8
%77	14	18	(power point, word, excel...)	9
%73	8	11		10
%44	4	9		11
%48	138	286		12
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%60	6	10		14
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	1.2	1.6		6
	1.32	2.1		7
	1.3	2.7		8
	1.31	2.3		9
	1.29	2.0		10
	1.14	1.6		11
	1.15	1.8		12
	1.2	1.4		13
	1.15	1.7		14
	1.17	1.4		15
	1.02	1.2		16
	1.12	1.8		17
	1.3	2.3		18
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	1.30	2.3	.	7
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	1.3	2.5	.	9
	1.2	2.2	.	10
	1.1	1.8	.	11
	1.2	2	.	12
	1.03	1.9	.	13
	1.01	1.6	.	14
	1.2	1.7	.	15
	1.3	1.2	.	16
	1.12	2.1	.	17
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	1.21	2.5		8
	1.3	1.6		9
	1.2	2.1		10
	1.1	1.7		11
	1.2	2		12
	1.03	1.9		13
	1.01	1.8		14
	1.2	1.4		15
	1.3	1.5		16
	1.12	2.1		17
	1.12	3.1		18
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	1.21	2.3		21
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	1.23	2.9	.	8
	1.3	3.4	.	9
	1.31	3.1	.	10
	1.24	3.6	.	11
	1.32	3.4	.	12
	1.29	1.4	.	13
	1.31	3.3	.	14
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	1.29	3.1	.	17
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	1.36	3.1		6
	1.23	2.7		7
	1.23	2.9		8
	1.3	3.4		9
	1.31	3.5		10
	1.24	2.7		11
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	1.31	3.4		14
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	1.23	2.9		7
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	1.3	3.4		9
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	1.24	3.2		11
	1.32	3.5		12
	1.29	1.9		13
	1.31	3.4		14
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## **The Reality of the Use of Computers in Teaching from the Perspective of Principals, Teachers and Students in Al-Balqa Governorate Secondary Schools**

*Khitam Abed-Alhaleem Al-Awamleh\**

### **ABSTRACT**

This study aims to know the reality of computer usage in teaching in AI- Balqa Governorate secondary schools. To know the efficiency of computer devices. To limit what obstacles teachers face in using and employing computer in teaching. To achieve this questionnaire of (57) paragraphs formed the options of arbitration committee has been prepared. Pearson coefficient was calculated to insure its stability. The study sample consisted of (400) principals, teachers and students who were chosen randomly from study society. To analyze and process data statistically percentages, averages and standard deviations were used.

The results of the first question concerning the status of the devices and the expiry date showed that the computers are old and slow. Some devices are broken and need maintenance. The results of the second question indicated shortage of using computers in teaching. Computer usage is limited to some applications that curriculum requires such as Excel in mathematics and PowerPoint projects by students. The result of the third question concerning the obstacles for using computers in teaching indicated shortage of computers, devices and educational programs in comparison with students' number in high schools. Result also showed shortage of frequent maintenance, slow old devices, deficiency of updating computers and shortage of educational software needed for improving curriculum. Moreover, results also showed increase in the educational and administrative burdens related to the teacher, shortage of teachers who gained advanced courses for applying computer in teaching. Added to this computer laps are most of the time being involved with computer lessons.

As a result, the researcher has recommended to do other studies to know the real use of computer in teaching to provide classes with computers and multimedia devices to update and maintain devices frequently. To reduce teachers, teaching burdens. The Researcher also recommended to make the headmasters and the supervisor roles more efficient in pursuing using computer in teaching by teachers. And also consecrated on the cooperation with the private sector to produce software related to educational subjects curriculum. That is by the encouragement the ministry and coordinating with it to be applied scientifically.

**Keywords:** Use of computers, Principals, Teachers, Al-Balqa Governorate.

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