

\*

(114)

(114)

-1

(114)

-2

(114)  
(28)

(26)

:

(54)

( $\alpha=0.05$ )

( )

( )

:

**.1**

(2000 )

)

)

(

(

(1999 )

(

)

\*

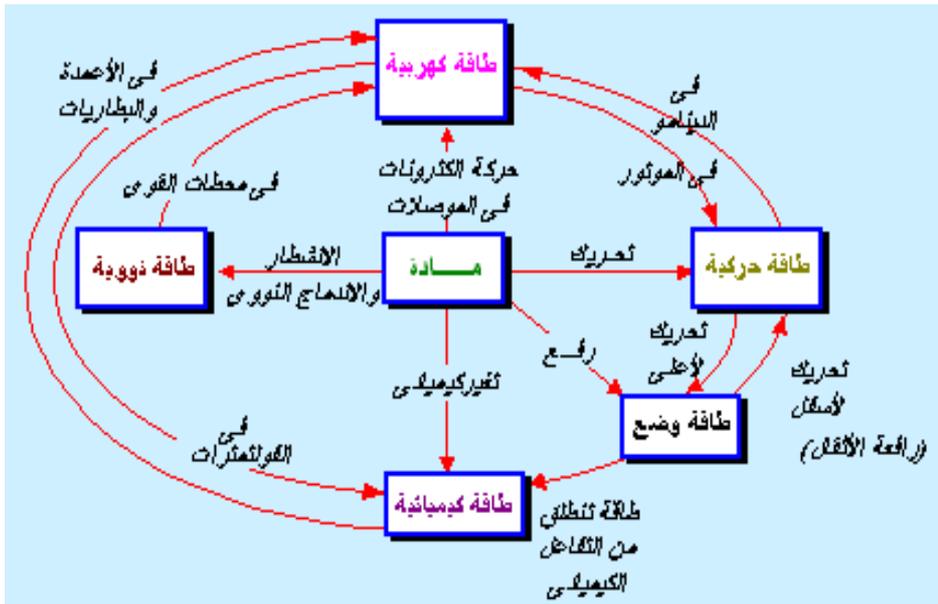
.2008/1/3

2007/6/3

Fahmy and )

(1)

(Lagowski, 2001)



(1)

(Gangne and White,1978)

(1996 )

(Introductory Physics)

( )  
( )

(2000 Anderson, 2003)

: (1984 ) ( )

(Flowcharts)

.(2004 )

( )

."

:

:

-1

(114)

:

-2

(114)

:

:

-1

:

-2

:

-3

.2006/2005

( )

.(1980 )

:

(270)

•

(159)

•

(2004 )

Fahmy )

(and Lagowski, 2001

(1999)

( ) - -

(2003 )

(Fahmy and Lagowski,

1999)

(2001)

( )

)

( (329)

:

(0.05= $\alpha$ )

(2004)

(2005)

2006/2005

(114)

(160)

(145)

(3)

.(104)

(28)

( )

(26)

.(114

)

-1

-2

-3

(2006)

-1

-

(84)

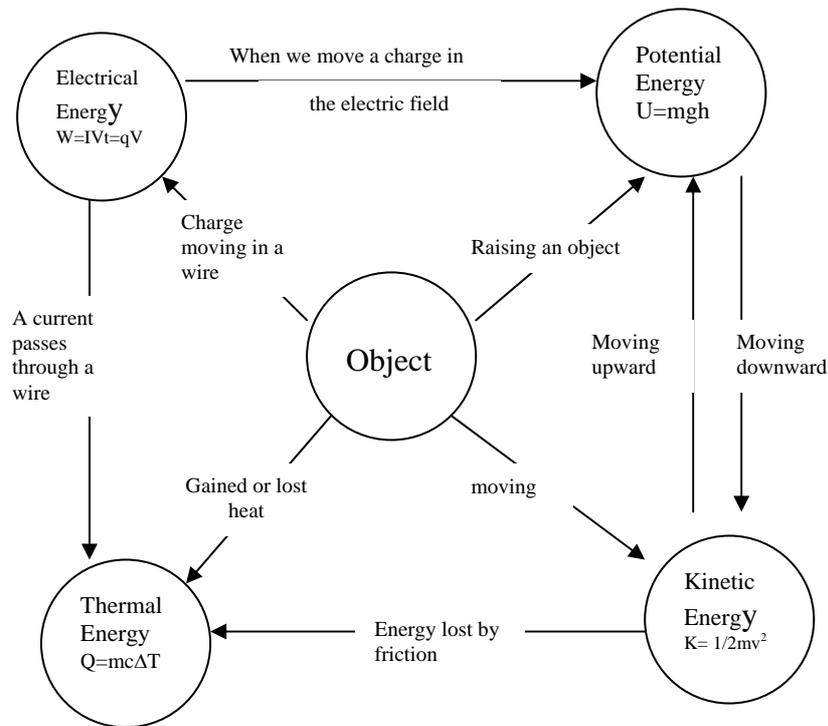
(1)

( )

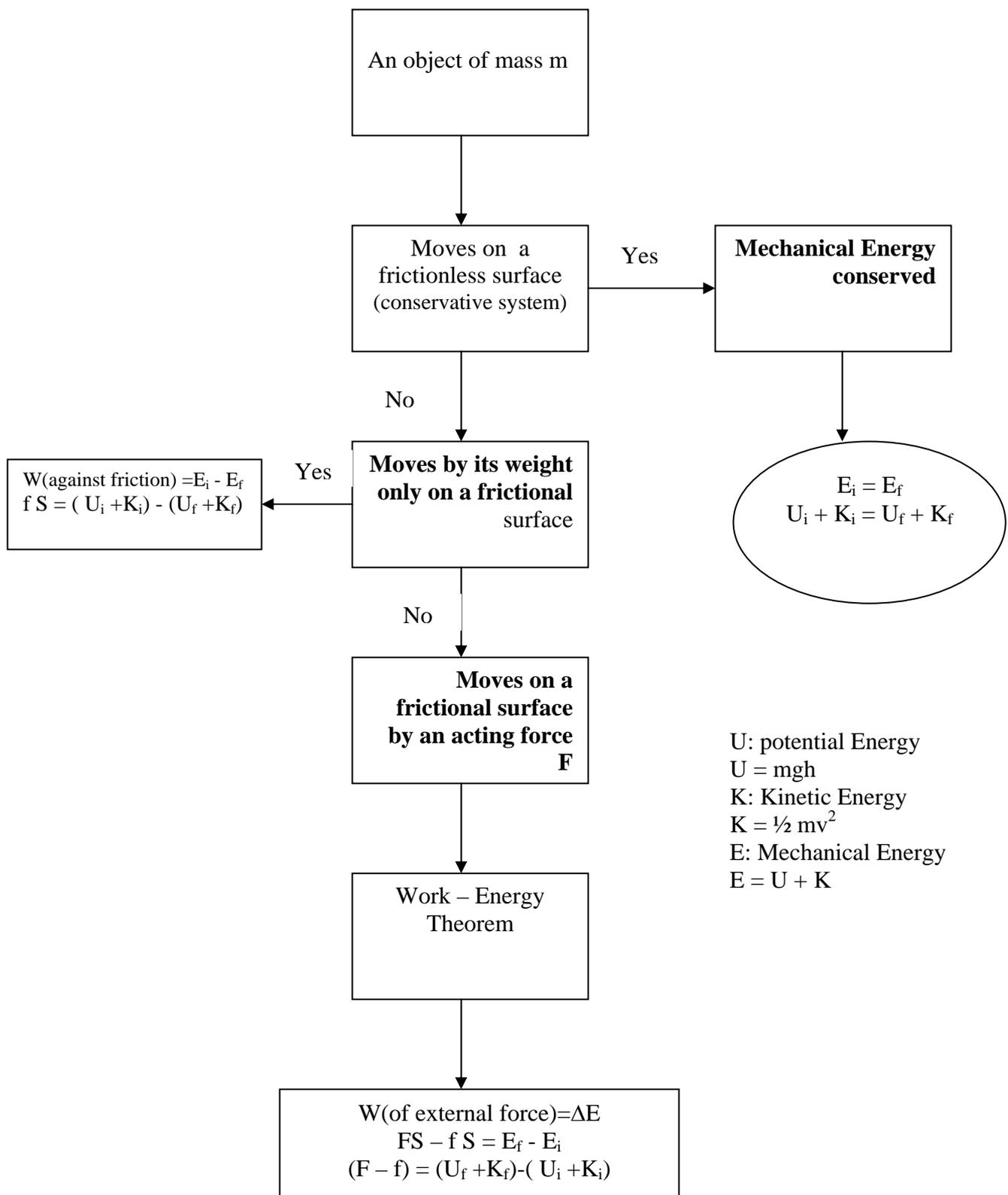
(3) (2)

(1)

1. friction	6	1. Energy	15
2. Conservation of Energy	6	2. The Potentiometer	6
3. Electrical Equivalent of Heat	3		
4. Ohm's Law	3		
5. the Potentiometer	3		



:(2)



U: potential Energy  
 $U = mgh$   
 K: Kinetic Energy  
 $K = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$   
 E: Mechanical Energy  
 $E = U + K$

:(3)

(114)

:

.(114)

:

(20)

(2)

0.38	0.3	-1
0.71	0.35	-2
0.23	0.43	-3
0.24	0.39	-4
0.76	0.3	-5
0.69	0.35	-6
0.27	0.56	-7
0.59	0.35	-8
0.22	0.74	-9
0.28	0.43	-10
0.24	0.39	-11
0.34	0.52	-12
0.71	0.35	-13
0.23	0.7	-14
0.39	0.48	-15
0.65	0.26	-16
0.34	0.3	-17
0.23	0.65	-18
0.22	0.22	-19
0.64	0.22	-20

.(20)

(25)

(114)

-

(0.8)

(20)

(2)

(0.76 - 0.22)

- 0.22)

.(Brown, 1976)

(0.74

(30)

(50)

-3

(6)

( )

(25)

(50)

(4)

(0.76)

(40)

	(F)				
0.86	0.033	0.01	1	0.01	
		0.3	52	15.5	
			53	15.51	

:

-1

2006/2005

(3)  
(114)

(104)

:

-2

2006/2005

(15)

) (SPSS)

(2004

(15)

(3) (ANOVA)

(4)

:

:

:

-1

-2

:

:

-1

-2

:

G<sub>1</sub>: X O<sub>1</sub> O<sub>2</sub> : (G<sub>1</sub>)

G<sub>2</sub>: ..... O<sub>1</sub> O<sub>2</sub> : (G<sub>2</sub>)

O<sub>1</sub>

O<sub>2</sub>

X

(3)

0.55	2.65	26	
0.54	2.62	28	

(4)

(8.7)  
(0.05 ≥ α)

" :  
(114)

(0.05=α)

(Effect Size)  
(0.41) .(5)

.(Kiess, 1989)

(5)

3.22	13.9	26	
2.17	16.1	28	

.(Fahmy and Lagowski, 1999)

(5)

)

(16.1)

(2005

(13.9)

(2.2)

(  
One-way ) (0.05 ≥ α)  
.(6) (ANOVA)

(6)

(114)

" :

	(F)				
		64.3	1	64.3	
		7.4	52	386.5	
			53	450.8	
0.005	8.7				

.(7)  
(7)  
(35.4)  
(25.5)  
(9.9)  
)

( ) (6)

...

(0.05 ≥ α) (One-way ANOVA)

(Effect Size)

(0.6)

(7)

8.5	25.5	26	
7.9	35.4	28	

(8)

(1999 )

	(F)				
0.00	19.3	1299.7	1	1299.7	
		67.36	52	3502.9	
			53	4802.6	

( ) (8) (19.3)

(0.05 ≥ α)

(0.05=α)

- 2000
- 2005
- 1999
- 2004
- Anderson, E. 2003. Design Drawing: A Means Toward Visual Literacy and Exploration of Ideas in the Classroom. *Technology Teacher*, 63(2): 15-17.
- Brown, F.G. 1976. *Principles of Education and Psychological testing*. Holt, Rinehart and Winston. New York.
- Fahmy, A. F. and Lagowski, J.J. 2001. Systemic Approach to teaching and Learning Chemistry: SATLC in Egypt. *Chemical Education International* (on line). 3 (1): 1-18.
- Fahmy, A. F. and Lagowski, J.J. 1999. The Use of Systemic Approach to teaching and Learning Chemistry for the 21<sup>st</sup> century. *IUPAC, Pure and Applied Chemistry*. 71, 859-863.
- Gagne, R. and White, R. 1978. Memory structure and Learning outcomes. *Review of Educational Research*. 48(2): 187-222.
- Kiess, O. 1989. *Statistical Concepts for the Behavioral Science*. London, Sydney, Toronto: Allyn and Bacon.
- 2004
- 2004
- 2004
- 1980
- 2001
- (Available) [www.Angelfire.com/ma4/halim/systemic.htm](http://www.Angelfire.com/ma4/halim/systemic.htm)
- 1999
- 191-70 (1) 26
- 2000
- 192-161 (10)19
- 1996
- 2006
- 1984

---

...

**The Effect of Using the systemic Approach on Acquisition  
of Physical Concepts, Solving the Physical Problem for the Students  
of Al-Balqa Applied University In Jordan**

*Shaher R. E'lian, Talal A. Al-Zou'bi and Adel A. Salamah \**

**ABSTRACT**

The study aimed to investigate the effect of using Systemic Approach on acquisition of physical concepts, solving the physical problem for the 1<sup>st</sup> year students of Al-Balqa Applied University in Jordan. This study tried to answer the following questions:

1. what is the effect of using Systemic Approach in teaching physical lab.(114) on acquisition of physics concepts for the students in Al-Balqa Applied University?
2. what is the effect of using Systemic Approach in teaching physical lab.(114) on solving the physical problem for the students in Al-Balqa Applied University?

The study sample consisted of (54) male and female students of the 1<sup>st</sup> year physics Laboratory at the faculty of science in Al-Balqa Applied University. The sample was divided into two groups: (28) students represented the experimental group, which studied through using the systemic approach, and (26) students represented the control group, which studied through using the traditional (Linear) method.

There was significant statistical differences ( $\alpha=0.05$ ) between the mean scores of the experimental group and the mean scores of the control group in favor of the experimental group in the three areas:

- Physical concepts acquisition test.
- Solving the physical problem test.

Based on these findings, the study has suggested the following recommendations:

- Adopting the systemic approach technique in conducting the lab. Experiment.
- Training the Lab. supervisors and teachers to use the systemic approach technique.

**Keywords:** Physical Concepts, Solving Physical Problem.

---

\* Faculty of Educational Sciences, University of Jordan; and College of Education, Al-Hussein Bin Talal University, Ma'an, Jordan. Received on 3/6/2007 and Accepted for Publication on 3/1/2008.