

23  
2010  
2001  
%1 (0.53)  
%.5  
:  
Qain, 2009

Dechow, 1994

2012/9/20

2012/4/16

.4

.2

IFRS

1998

2003

1997

Livant, and Zarowin,  
1990; Cotter, 1996; Charitou, 1997; Francis,  
2005 2003;  
Habib, 2008; 2005

.3

Livant, and Zarowin, 1990;  
( )

(%11.6) (%8.1)

1997 2003 Cotter, 1996;

2003 Charitou, 1997;

Francis, 2003;

2005

.2010 2001

.5 .%5 2005

Habib, 2008;

1997

$$\Delta SP_{i,t} = \alpha + \beta_1 \Delta NOCF adequacy_{i,t} + \beta_2 \Delta NOCF efficiency_{i,t} + e$$

$\Delta$   
 $SP_{i,t}$   
 $\beta$   
 $NOCF$   
 $E$

t i

.1

( )  
 ( )  
 .( )

The change in the percentage of the net operating cash flow adequacy

:

$$\Delta \text{in } \% \text{ NOCF adequacy}_{i,t} = (\% \text{ NOCF adequacy}_{i,t} - \% \text{ NOCF adequacy}_{i,t-1}) / \% \text{ NOCF adequacy}_{i,t-1}$$

:

$$\% \text{ NOCF adequacy}_{i,t} = \text{NOCF}_{i,t} / [LTDS_{i,t} + \text{Cash purchases of FA}_{i,t} + \text{Cash dividends}_{i,t}]$$

:LTDS

:FA

The change in the percentage of the net operating cash flow efficiency

$$\Delta in \% NOCF\ efficiency_{i,t} = (\% NOCF\ efficiency_{i,t} - \% NOCF\ efficiency_{i,t-1}) / \% NOCF\ efficiency_{i,t-1}$$

.2010 2001

$$\% NOCF\ efficiency_{i,t} = NOCF_{i,t} / TA_{i,t}$$

: :  
- :TA

.2  
The percentage change in the market share price

( )  
( )  
(23)

.2010 2001

$$\% \Delta in SP_{i,t} = (SP_{i,t} - SP_{i,t-1}) / SP_{i,t-1}$$

:  
:  
/

) (1) ( ) ( )  
 .2010 2001 ( )

2010 2001

.0.11

0.24

.6

(1)

2010 2001

:							
8.48	2.75	50.69	16.76	0.18	0.00		1
6.2	2.62 -	3.57	1.63 -	0.40	0.20		2
2.32	0.69 -	1.65	0.93 -	0.12	0.01 -		3
3.74	2.52 -	7.47	4.06 -	0.49	0.11		4
3.05	2.33 -	2.81	2.79 -	0.35	0.01 -		5
1.64	0.95 -	1.57	0.91 -	0.22	0.02		6
0.54	0.09	0.57	0.13	0.37	0.04		7
2.89	1.05	2.66	1.57	0.92	0.48		8
1.96	2.59 -	2.44	2.54 -	0.54	0.11		9
4.55	1.82 -	303.2	103.06 -	0.32	0.10	/	10
20.40	9.40 -	306.97	104.18 -	0.27	0.02		11
2.10	1.55 -	3.87	1.43 -	0.23	0.01		12
0.62	0.08	0.76	0.20	0.99	0.34		13
0.64	0.13	0.76	0.26	0.78	0.45		14
12.70	6.32 -	21.52	8.15 -	0.24	0.00		15
0.44	0.06	0.89	0.18	0.49	0.1		16

:						
4.32	0.63	3.17	0.39 -	0.81	0.26	17
1.69	0.38 -	2.21	0.03 -	0.49	0.12	18
17.61	5.93	12.82	4.23	0.29	0.10 -	19
2.11	0.99 -	1.67	0.67 -	0.37	0.07	20
1.76	1.24 -	2.26	1.94 -	0.33	0.02	21
1.14	0.34 -	1.54	0.22 -	0.32	0.04	22
2.23	0.86	2.07	0.45	0.27	0.10	23
5.40	0.96 -	86.83	9.09 -	0.24	0.11	

( 8) %35 0.10

15) %65 0.48

(

%16.76

%104.18

2010 2001

.86.83

%9.09

(2)

3.97

.2010 2001

(2)

54.75

1.01 2010 2001

2010 2001 19.68 ( )

)

5.45

(

%5.93  
%9.40

.%50

( 9) %39

%61

(4)

( 14)  
%0.39

18.22 -  
1185.54

%0.63

.117.2

)

0.08

(2

( )

0.05 -  
0.21

.54

%0.96

0.05

(2)

2010	2001			
19.68	1.01	5.45	3.97	
1185.54	18.22 -	117.2	54.75	
0.21	0.05 -	0.05	0.08	

)

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(

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(3)

(3)

<b>t</b>		
** 3.026	0.102	
0.225	0.000	
0.313 -	0.002 -	

%1

\*\*

%5

\*

(4)

.Pearson

%5

%1

0.526

.%5

2003

1997

.2005

.%1

(4)

0.38 -	0.37 -		
** 0.526			

%1 \*\*  
%5 \*

.8

2003 1997 )  
(2005

(Livant, and Zarowin,  
1990, Cotter, 1996, Caritou, 1997, Francis,  
.2003, Habib, 2008)

1997

- 279 23 2  
2003

297 25 1  
2005

132 - 124

1 17 :  
2002 76

91- 69

152 - 141 1 32  
2005

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## Net Operating Cash Flow Effect on Market Share Price for the Publicly Held Jordanian Industrial Companies

*Tawfiq Abed Al-Jalil*

### ABSTRACT

The purpose of this paper is to examine how Amman Bourse evaluates the adequacy and the efficiency of the net operating cash flow. The study sample consists of 23 publicly held Jordanian industrial companies listed in Amman Bourse during the period from 2001 to 2010. The analysis results show a significant positive association 0.53 (the significant level is 1%) between the change in the net operating cash flow adequacy and the change in the net operating cash flow efficiency. The analysis results indicate no significant relations between the other variables.

The regression analysis shows that the investor in Amman Bourse does not depend on the net operating cash flow adequacy and efficiency when making his investing decision. The regression analysis shows no significant effect of the change in both the net operating cash flow adequacy and efficiency on the change in the market share price.

**KEYWORDS:** Operating Cash Flow, Cash Performance Adequacy and Efficiency, Market Share Prices.